

## 'Census, Map, Museum' in 'Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism'. London: Verso. MAP, MUSEUM GIOSSARY

The analysis of the text 'Census' using Al:

Sentences: 79

Paragraphs: 6 Words: 2048

Characters (including spaces): 13093 Characters (excluding spaces): 11046

After analyzing the text, I selected the most frequently used words related to the text's topic and created a glossary from these words.

Medium adopts a 'formal' style to emulate the census concept, incorporating numerical data into the text, aligning with the number-focused nature of censuses.

## FREQUENCY

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' <u>ldentity</u>	<u>categories</u> — the groups into which people were
	classified in colonial censuses based on charac-
	teristics such as ethnicity, race, and religion.

- <u>1870s</u> the year 'Cochin-Chinese' women became taxable and levyable.
- Anomalies examples when the census category was not subject to the identity of the population.
- Census the procedure for recording population information.
- Census-makers people responsible for creating colonial censuses.
- Cirebonese an ethnic group that, in the early censuses, categorized the population by status. A high official, who was called 'Chinees,' despite not belonging to this ethnicity.
- 'Cochin-Chinese' a term used to describe a specific ethnic or racial group in the census, not to be confused with other groups.

<u>Colonial</u> — a member or inhabitant of a colony.	10
Colonial State — the administrative body of a colonial terri-	11
tory.	
<u>Dutch</u> (VOC) — the Dutch East India Company.	2
Religious Identity — the aspect of a person's identity relat-	5
ed to their religious beliefs.	
<u>Hidalgo</u> — used in Spain to denote a nobleman.	4
' <u>Hindoos</u> ', ' <u>Klings</u> ,' ' <u>Bengalees</u> ' — historical ethnic or reli-	2
gious groups that were categorized until 1871.	
'Indian' — the broad category of the 'Sikh,' 'Malayali,' and	4
'Telegu', 'Pakistani', 'Bangladeshi', 'Sri Lankan	
Tamil', and 'Other Sri Lankan'.	
' <u>Javanese</u> ' — the largest ethnic group in Indonesia.	3
Malay — an ethnic group. One of the British colonies.	6
Mentalités — the British colonial census-makers for the	2
Straits Settlements and Malaya.	
'Other' — a group of people who didn't fit into the specific	6
ethnic groups listed in the censuses.	

Colonial — a member or inhabitant of a colony.

I created an image ↓ to (re)contextualize the concept of the ethnoracial problem resulting from colonialism discussed by Anderson B. (2006). This visual representation uses the text in a dif-

ferent context, highlighting how symbols and their interpretations

The most frequent words can be categorized as follows: ranks,

From these terms, we can deduce the topic of this text. These

officials.

of the imperial apparatus.

can transform the overall meaning.

races, dialects, dates, prejudices, territorial terms, high

words are related to a specific group. The more words

we add to the phrase, the clearer and more certain the

meaning becomes. Anderson B. (2006) uses the census

as an example of a macro catalog with its taxonomy and

hierarchy, where categories are the subjective opinions

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8 - 'Sikh' b - 'Malayali' Y - 'Telegu' . - 'Pakistani'

d - 'Bangladeshi'